# Pacifica, California

# Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

January 27, 2025

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Pacifica and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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# **Executive Summary**

### Assessing the City with Indicators

### **About this Report**

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Pacifica (the City) in the form of indicators.

### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Pacifica. These indicators are compared to San Mateo County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United States.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

### **Topics Covered:**

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Pacifical demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Pacifica and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Pacifica, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Pacifica, but do not necessarily live in Pacifica.
- Migration: Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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# **Demographics**

### **Definition:**

### Why is it important?

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

The characteristics and growth of Pacifica's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

## A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2023	2019
POPULATION	LOLO	
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	37,527	38,984
	,	30,904
Veterans (#, 5yr)	1,372	00.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	21.9	20.6
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	28,386	
AGE AND SEX	4.0	0.0
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	4.8	6.2
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	18.3	19.2
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	20.3	17.1
Female persons (%, 5yr)	50.4	49.5
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	156,819	125,500
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	69,917	53,104
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	6.2	4.6
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	357	312
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	5.3	4.3
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	54.7	62.9
African American alone (%, 5yr)	2	2.5
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	1.6	0.4
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	21.2	20.7
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	1.6	2
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	14.5	7.9
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	19.4	18.7
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	48.5	52
HOUSING		
Housing units (#, 5yr)	14,596	14,224
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	68.5	70.7
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	1,211,700	882,800
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	3,781	3,115
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	840	605
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	3,080	2,414
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS		
Households (#, 5yr)	13,969	13,750
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.7	2.8
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	91.5	89.6
EDUCATION		
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	95.5	
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	48.5	
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,638	
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	2.8	3.3
LABOR FORCE		
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	65.8	
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	63.6	
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	61	
Self employed (%, 5yr)	9.1	
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	22.7	
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	64.8	
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	8.5	
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	21.5	
Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files		

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

# **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	• ,						
	2024		% Ch	ange			
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year			
City							
acifica	37,062	-0.89	-2.69	-3.93			
County and Broader Regions							
n Mateo County	741,565	-0.50	-1.33	-4.22			
y Area	7, 588, 780	-0.14	-0.98	-2.38			
alifornia 3	39, 128, 162	0.17	-0.45	-1.43			
an Mateo County ay Area	741, 565 7, 588, 780	$-0.50 \\ -0.14$	-1.33 $-0.98$	-2.3			

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)

			% Change			
City	2023	2024	Local	Bay Area	California	
San Mateo County	745.3	741.6	-0.50	-0.14	0.17	
San Mateo	104.2	103.4	-0.79			
Daly City	102.5	101.5	-1.03			
Redwood City	82.1	81.9	-0.34			
South San Francisco	64.8	64.6	-0.25			
San Bruno	42.5	42.2	-0.94			
Pacifica	37.4	37.1	-0.89			
Menlo Park	32.9	33.1	0.60			
Foster City	32.9	32.6	-1.03			
Burlingame	30.4	30.5	0.34			
San Carlos	29.7	29.4	-0.94			
East Palo Alto	29.0	29.1	0.42			
Belmont	27.2	26.9	-0.92			
Millbrae	22.7	23.1	1.79			
Half Moon Bay	11.3	11.2	-0.79			
Hillsborough	11.1	11.1	-0.19			
Atherton	7.0	7.0	0.06			
Woodside	5.2	5.1	-0.83			
Brisbane	4.7	4.7	-0.72			
Portola Valley	4.3	4.2	-0.79			
Colma	1.4	1.4	-1.12	<u> </u>	<del></del>	

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

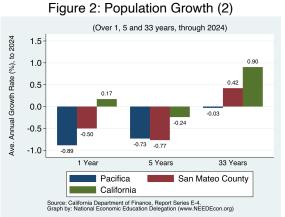
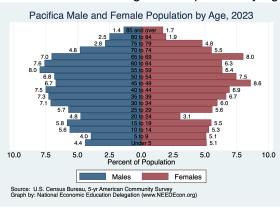


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories

emale Population by Age, 2023

Pacifica Population



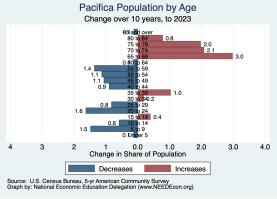
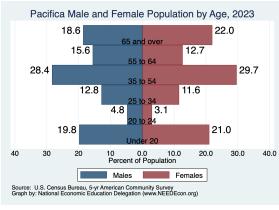


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



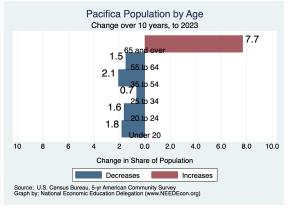
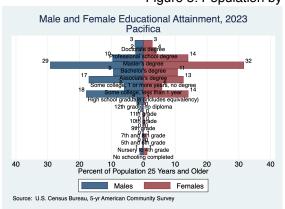


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



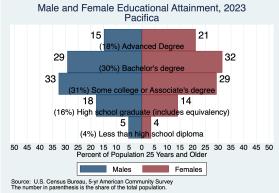


Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

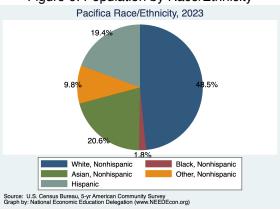
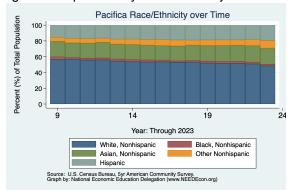
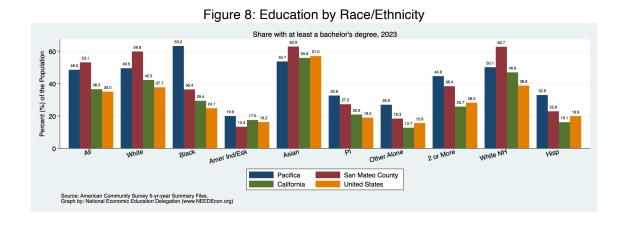


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time





# **Employment Report**

## Citywide Employment and Unemployment

### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

### Why is it important?

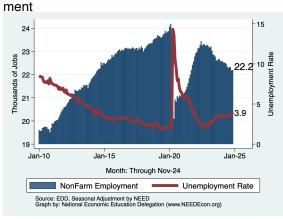
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Pacifica Summary for November, 2024

	Change From:				
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year	
Employment	22,158	-19	-157	-503	
Labor Force	23,094	94	-65	-408	
Number Unemployed	908	66	71	93	
Unemployment Rate	3.9	0.3	0.3	0.5	

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 9: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 10: Employment and Unemployment -



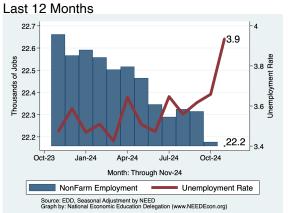
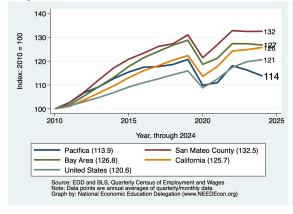
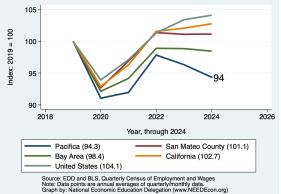


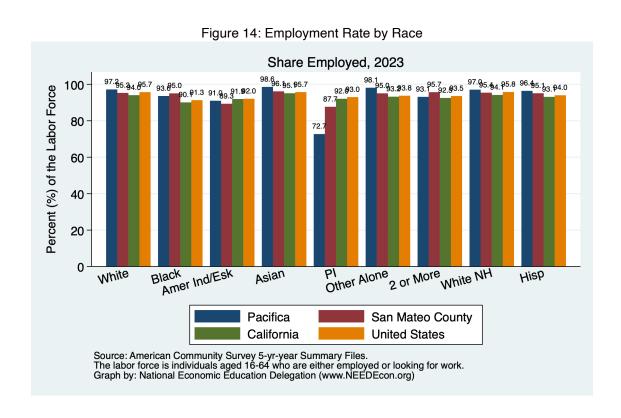
Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 12: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





Unemployment Rate, 2023 30 Percent (%) of the Labor Force 20 10 Black Amer Ind/Esk 0 PI Other Alone 2 or More White NH White Asian Hisp Pacifica San Mateo County California **United States** Source: American Community Survey 5-yr-year Summary Files. The labor force is individuals aged 16-64 who are either employed or looking for work. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 13: Unemployment Rate by Race



# County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for San Mateo County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in San Mateo County for November, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	419,041	100.0	-494.0	-1.4	-0.6	-0.9	0.0	0.5	-0.0
Goods Producing	38,303	9.1	-167.2	-5.1	-7.0	-5.5	-4.2	-4.4	-3.6
Mining, Logging and Construction	16,863	4.0	-92.6	-6.4	-10.2	-4.8	-5.0	-3.8	-4.2
Manufacturing	21,672	5.2	-98.7	-5.3	-6.5	-7.4	-4.6	-4.9	-3.1
Durable Goods	9,318	2.2	39.9	5.3	-1.2	-3.0	-1.7	-3.2	-3.4
Non-Durable Goods	12,198	2.9	-175.0	-15.7	-11.4	-10.0	-7.5	-6.3	-3.0
Service Providing	379,858	90.6	-133.5	-0.4	0.8	-0.5	0.2	1.0	0.4
Trade, Trans & Utilities	65,972	15.7	-57.0	-1.0	4.8	1.5	2.9	1.0	-1.2
Wholesale Trade	12,965	3.1	-103.7	-9.1	0.9	0.6	-1.1	6.0	2.9
Retail Trade	29,950	7.1	103.8	4.3	4.7	2.1	3.5	0.0	-1.4
Information	48,514	11.6	-241.7	-5.8	-0.9	-4.9	-5.8	-4.8	0.6
Financial Activities	22,415	5.3	-103.7	-5.4	1.6	1.0	1.3	-0.7	-1.5
Finance & Insurance	16, 137	3.9	-25.1	-1.9	2.4	3.0	2.5	-0.4	-0.8
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	6,170	1.5	-88.9	-15.8	-0.4	-3.9	-3.9	-2.2	-3.5
Professional & Business Srvcs	93,522	22.3	-302.5	-3.8	-0.7	-0.6	-0.9	0.1	1.6
Prof, Sci, & Tech	66,102	15.8	37.1	0.7	3.4	0.4	-1.1	1.6	2.5
Educational & Health Srvcs	59,187	14.1	117.1	2.4	1.9	1.1	1.5	3.8	2.3
Education Srvcs	12,381	3.0	38.3	3.8	-0.8	1.7	3.1	4.4	1.8
Health Care & Social Assistance	46,895	11.2	51.7	1.3	2.2	0.7	1.5	3.7	2.4
Leisure & Hospitality	43,527	10.4	24.3	0.7	-3.5	-1.4	0.9	6.2	-1.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	6,195	1.5	46.7	9.5	7.8	1.8	1.8	8.7	0.5
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	37,168	8.9	43.1	1.4	-4.9	-1.8	0.3	5.6	-1.5
Other Srvcs	14,919	3.6	-48.6	-3.8	-2.2	2.9	4.4	10.0	2.3
Government	31,421	7.5	-12.6	-0.5	0.1	0.0	0.9	1.4	-0.2
Federal	2,550	0.6	0.0	0.0	-1.8	-2.7	-1.9	-7.6	-5.0
State	597	0.1	-2.7	-5.2	-1.5	-1.3	-0.5	-0.2	-0.1
Local	28,687	6.8	15.3	0.6	4.0	2.9	2.4	3.0	0.6

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

### Some Employee Detail

### **Employed in Pacifica**

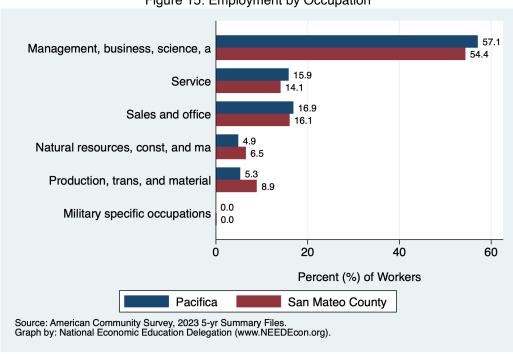
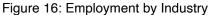
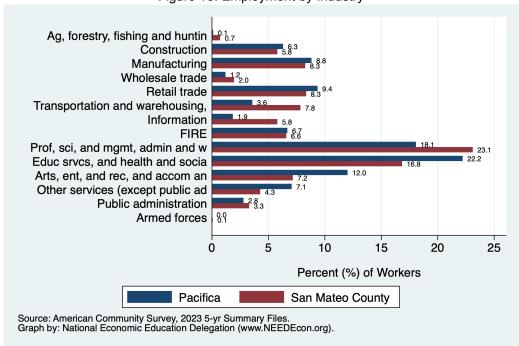


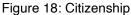
Figure 15: Employment by Occupation

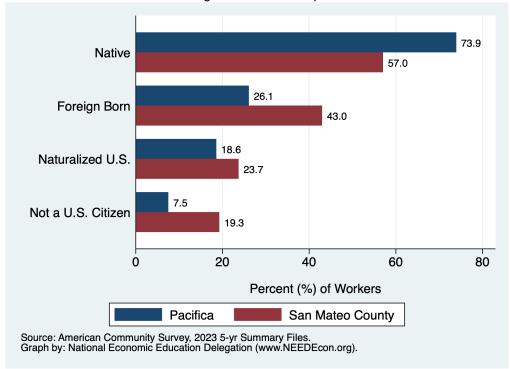




69.9 Speak only English <u>11.</u>6 Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 31.0 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very wel 20 60 40 80 0 Percent (%) of Workers **Pacifica** San Mateo County Source: American Community Survey, 2023 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 17: Language Spoken at Home





### **Employed Residents of Pacifica**

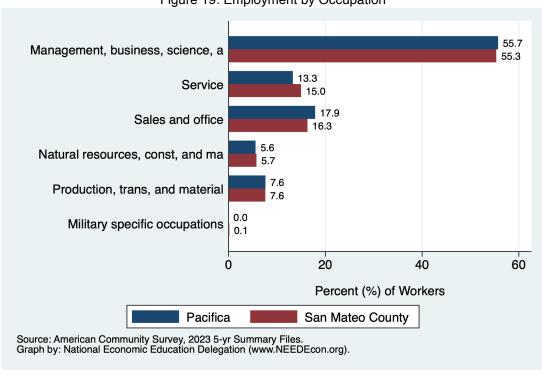
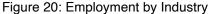


Figure 19: Employment by Occupation



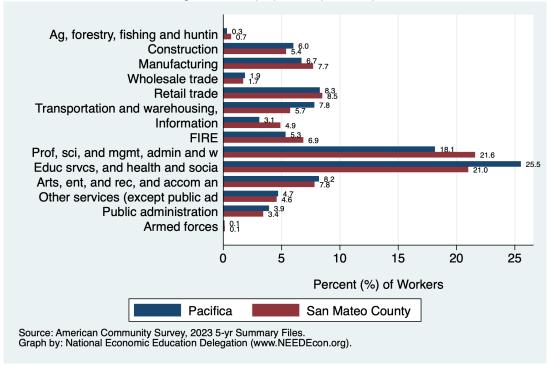


Figure 21: Language Spoken at Home Speak only English 52.3 Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 29.8 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very wel 20 40 60 80 Percent (%) of Workers Pacifica San Mateo County Source: American Community Survey, 2023 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Citizenship 75.8 **Native** 57.1 Foreign Born 42.9 18.1 Naturalized U.S. 24.2 6.0 Not a U.S. Citizen 18.7 20 60 40 80 Percent (%) of Workers Pacifica San Mateo County Source: American Community Survey, 2023 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

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### **Employed Residents vs Workers in Pacifica**

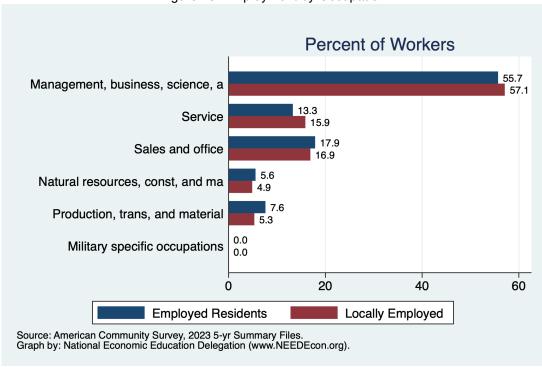
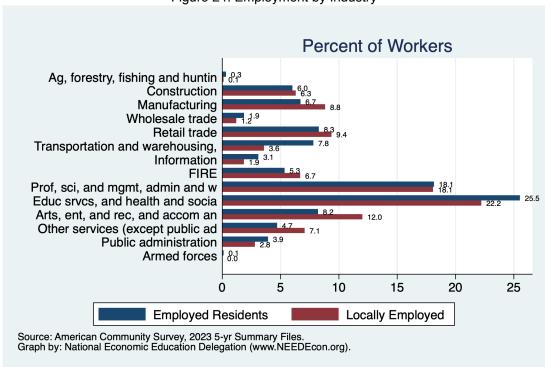


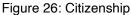
Figure 23: Employment by Occupation

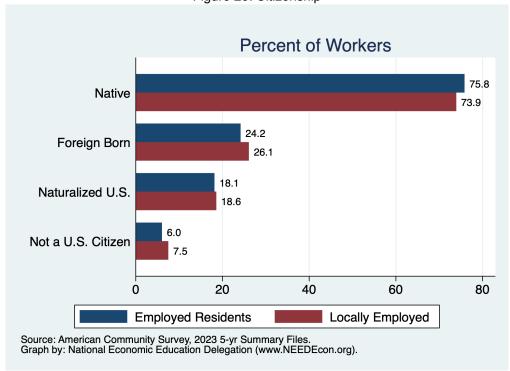




Percent of Workers 71.5 Speak only English 69.9 9.7 11.6 Speak Spanish (SS) 6.6 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 18.8 18.5 Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very wel Ó 20 40 60 80 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2023 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 25: Language Spoken at Home





# **Income and Earnings**

### Per Capita Income Growth

### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in Pacifica. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

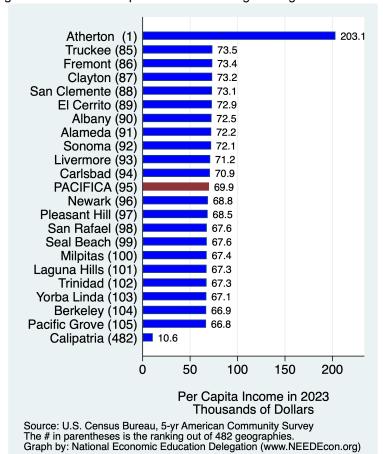
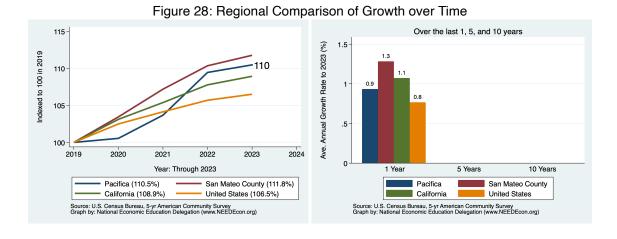
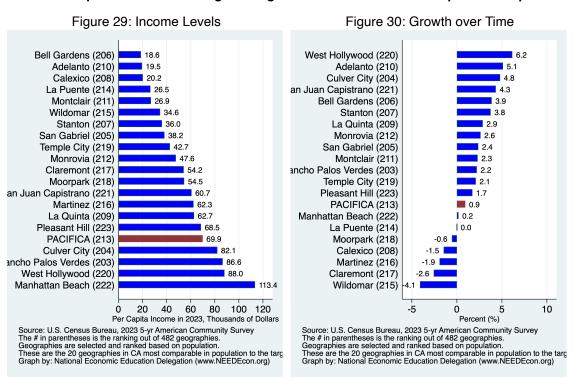


Figure 27: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

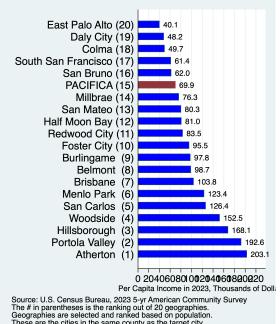


### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



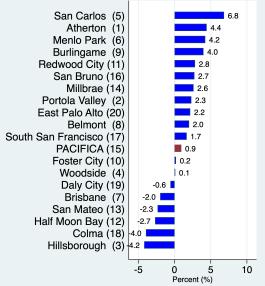
### Real Per Capita Income Ranking **Among** Cities in San Mateo County

Figure 31: Income Levels



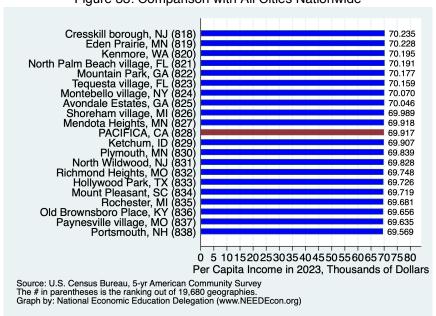
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 5-yr American Community Survey The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 20 geographies. Geographies are selected and ranked based on population. These are the cities in the same county as the target city. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

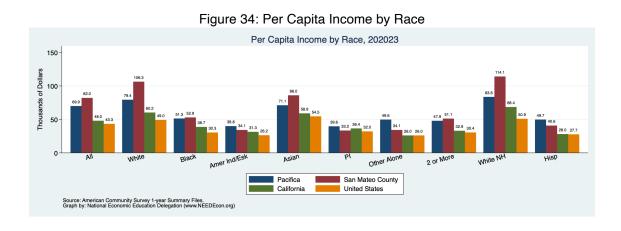
Figure 32: Growth over Time

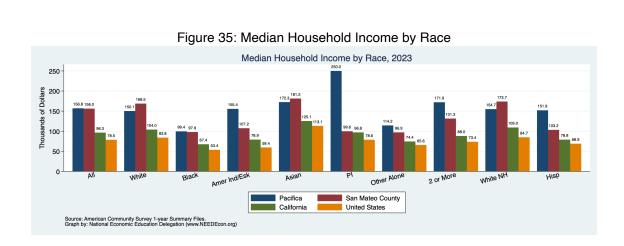


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2023 5-yr American Community Survey The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 20 geographies. Geographies are selected and ranked based on population. These are the cities in the same county as the target city. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 33: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide







### Poverty and Inequality

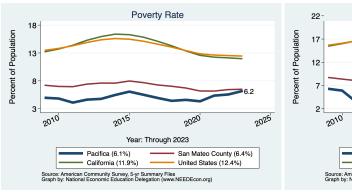
### **Definition:**

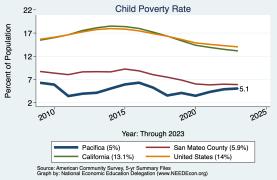
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

### Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.





Inequality: Gini Coefficient

45

40

2010

2015

2020

2025

Year: Through 2023

Pacifica (41.3%)

California (48.8%)

United States (48.2%)

Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 36: Inequality

Figure 37: Shares Across the Income Distribution

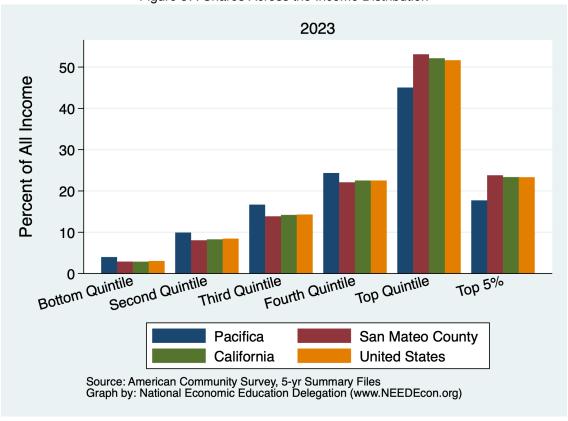
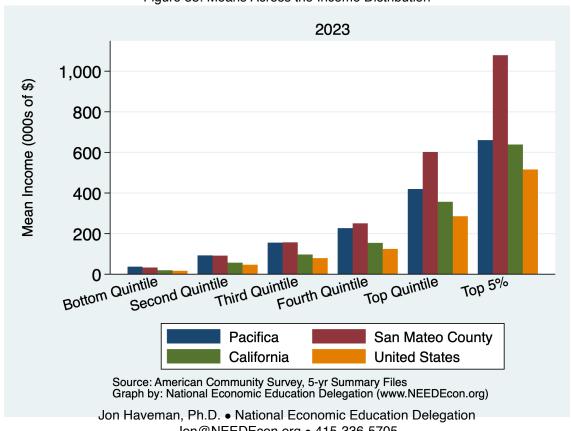


Figure 38: Means Across the Income Distribution



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# Housing

### Housing Costs and Affordability

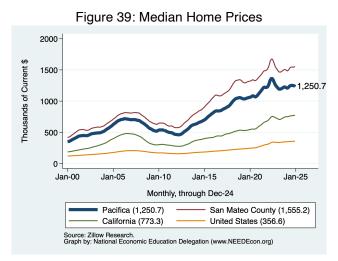
### **Definition:**

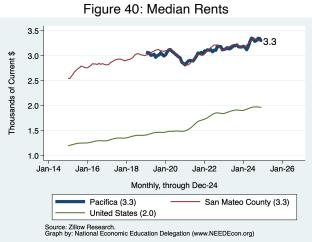
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

### Cost of Housing in Pacifica and Broader Regions





### Housing Ownership in Pacifica and Broader Regions

Figure 41: Home Ownership Rates

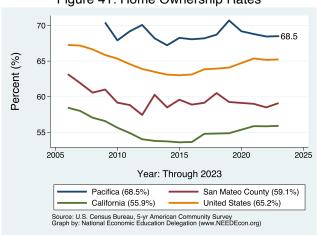
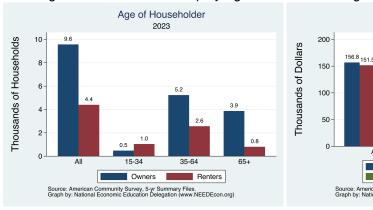


Figure 42: Home Ownership by Age

y Age Figure 43: Income by Tenure



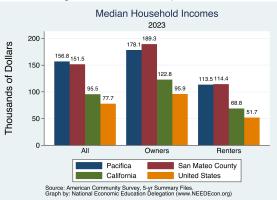


Figure 44: Home Ownership by Race

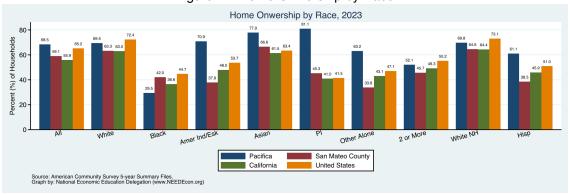


Figure 45: Income Distribution by Tenure

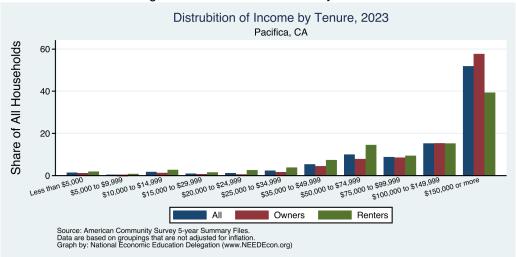


Figure 46: Income Distribution of Home Owners

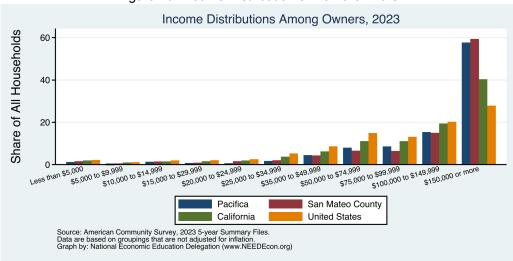
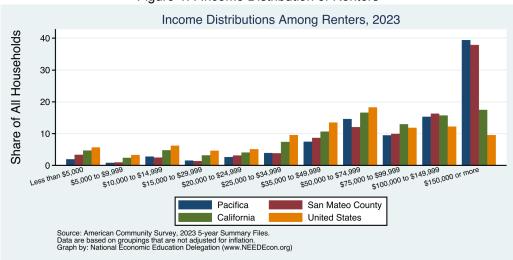


Figure 47: Income Distribution of Renters



### Housing Burden in Pacifica and Broader Regions

Figure 48: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

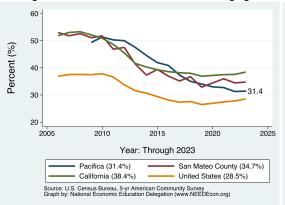


Figure 49: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

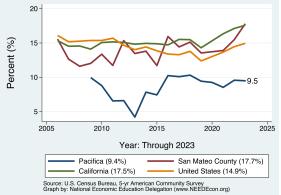


Figure 50: Renters

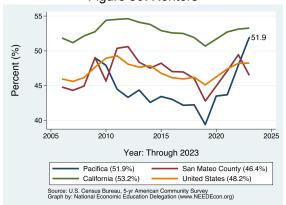
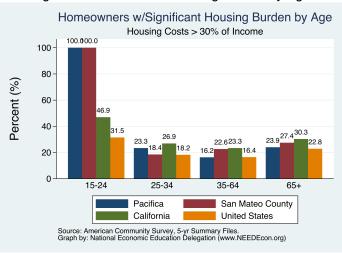


Figure 51: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



### Housing Picture

### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

**Table 5. Housing Market Indicators** 

				% Change from		
Indicator	2024	2019	2010	2019	2010	
Total Population	37,062.0	38,579.0	37,234.0	-3.9	-0.5	
Total # of Homes	14,787.0	14,505.0	14,523.0	1.9	1.8	
# Occupied Units	14,311.0	13,765.0	13,967.0	4.0	2.5	
Persons per Household	2.6	2.8	2.7	-7.6	-2.9	
Vacancy Rate (%)	3.2	5.1	3.8	-36.9	-15.9	

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 52: Housing Growth

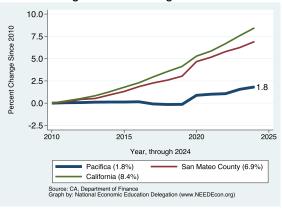


Figure 53: Persons per Household

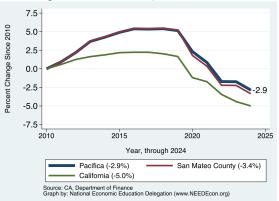


Figure 54: Vacancy Rates

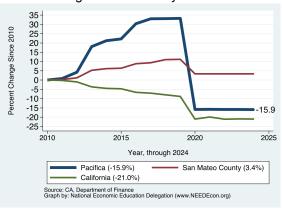
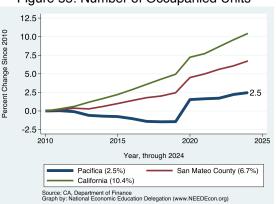


Figure 55: Number of Occupanied Units

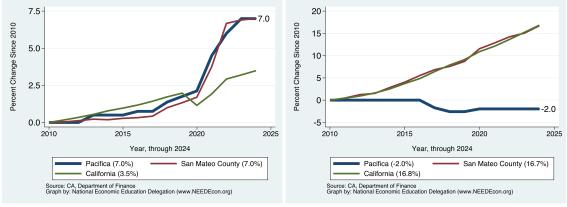


### Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 56: Single Detached Homes Figure 57: Single Attached Homes 7.5-15.0 Percent Change Since 2010 Percent Change Since 2010 12.5 5.0 10.0 7.5 5.0 2.5 2.5 0.0 0.0 2015 2020 2025 2010 2015 2020 2025 Year, through 2024 Year, through 2024 Pacifica (1.3%) San Mateo County (2.3%) Pacifica (13.1%) San Mateo County (9.5%) California (6.4%) California (10.7%) Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org) Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 58: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 59: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units



### Vintage of Residential Housing

### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Pacifica was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across San Mateo County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

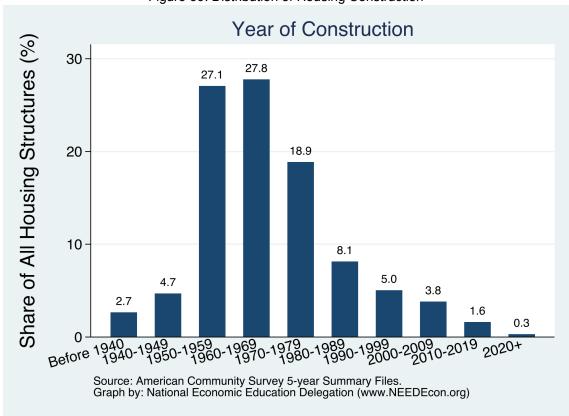


Figure 60: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 61: Housing Vintage across Regions

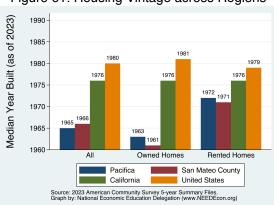


Figure 62: Housing Vintage by Tenure

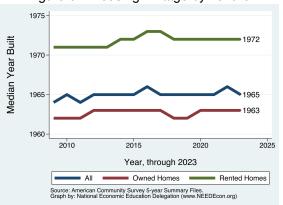


Figure 63: Vintage of Owned Residences

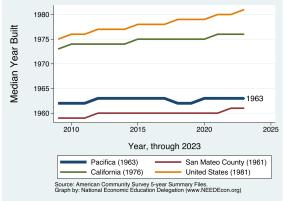


Figure 64: Vintage of Rented Residences

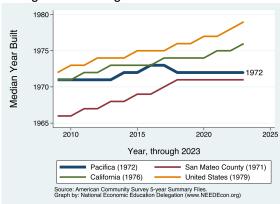
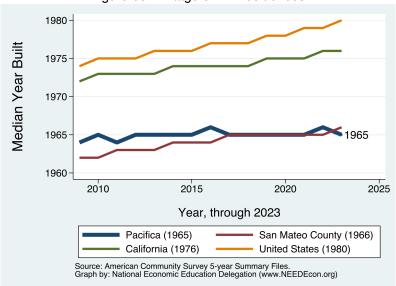


Figure 65: Vintage of All Residences



### Occupation of Residential Housing

### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

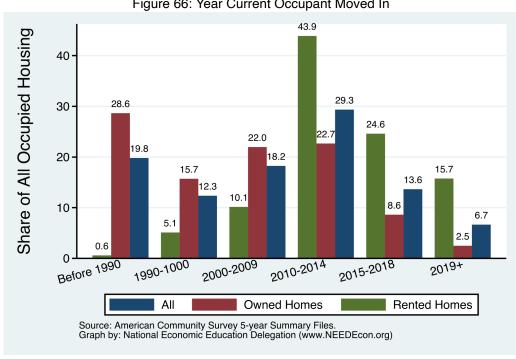


Figure 66: Year Current Occupant Moved In

across Regions by Tenure Median Year Occupied (as of 2023 2020 2020 Median Year Occupied 2016 2015 2010 2010 2013 2013 2005 2010 2003 2000 1995 1990 2010 2015 2020 2025 Owned Homes Rented Homes Year, through 2023 Pacifica San Mateo County California United States All Owned Homes Rented Homes Source: 2023 American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 67: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 68: Year Occupied by Current Residents

Figure 69: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 70: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

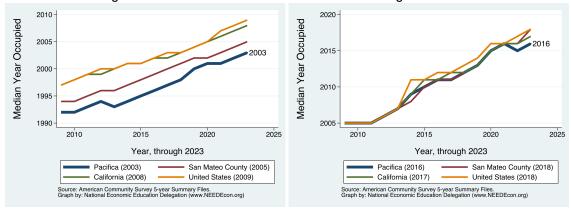
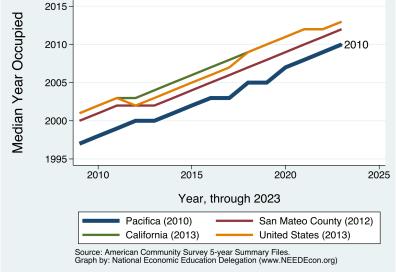


Figure 71: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing



### Residential Permitting

### **Definition:**

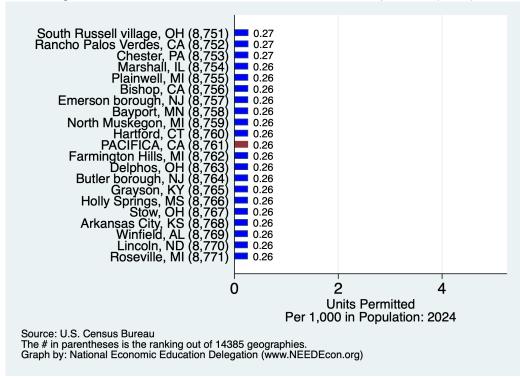
This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Pacifica is compared with data from San Mateo County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

### Pacifica - Ranking Among Comparables

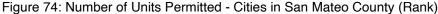


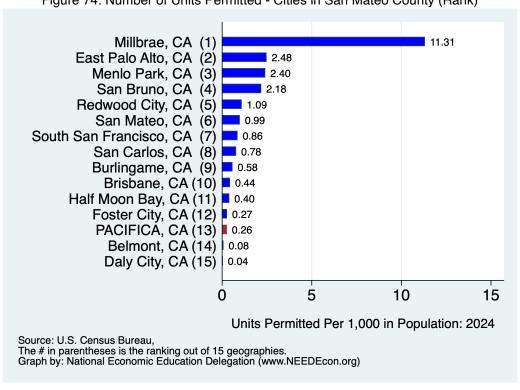


Paradise town, CA 106.49 Live Oak, CA ake Forest, CA 0.33 0.32 Westminster, 0.31 Kings Unincorporated Area, 0.30 Santa Barbara, 0.29 Bell. 0.29 Foster City, 0.27 Rancho Palos Verdes, 0.27 Bishop, PACIFICA 0.26 0.26 0.25 Anaels. Grand Terrace, San Bernardino, 0.24 0.22 Novato, 0.21 Suisun City, 0.20 Needles, 0.20 Livingston, CA Laguna Niguel, CA Signal Hill, CA 0.20 0.19 0.18 Del Rey Öaks, CA 0.00 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90100110 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2024 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies.

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 73: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)





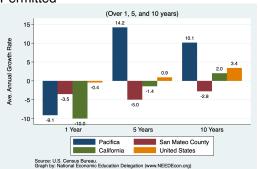
#### **Pacifica - Permitting Activity**

#### **Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Pacifica**

Figure 75: Units Permitted Each Year



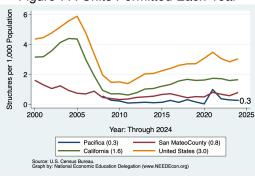
Figure 76: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

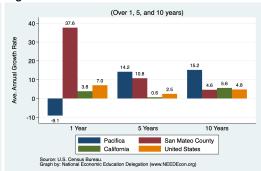


## Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Pacifica

Figure 78: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

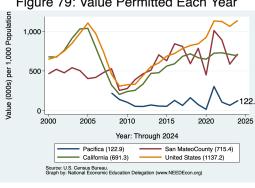
Figure 77: Units Permitted Each Year





#### **Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Pacifica**

Figure 79: Value Permitted Each Year



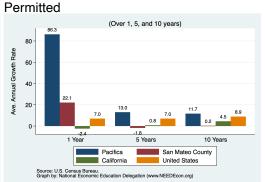


Figure 80: Average Annual Growth in Value

## **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

## Mode of Transportation

Figure 81: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 82: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

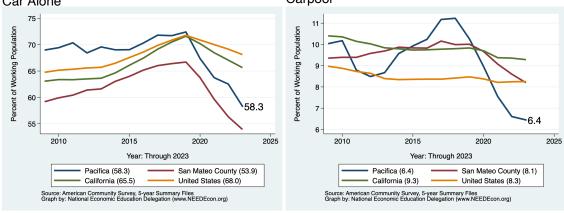
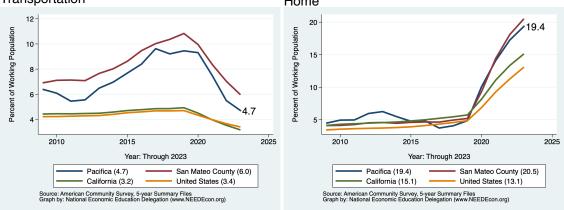


Figure 83: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 84: Percent of Workers Who Work From Transportation Home



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Pacifica. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Pacifica. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Mal	е	Fe	male	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	7, 264	66.2	6,560	62.2	13,824	64.8	76.6
Drove Alone	6,737	61.4	5,711	54.2	12,448	58.3	67.1
Carpooled:	527	4.8	849	8.1	1,376	6.4	9.5
In 2-person carpool	453	4.1	656	6.2	1,109	5.2	6.8
In 3-person carpool	27	0.2	106	1.0	133	0.6	1.6
In 4-or-more-person carpool	47	0.4	87	0.8	134	0.6	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	633	5.8	372	3.5	1,005	4.7	3.2
Bus or Trolley Bus	273	2.5	127	1.2	400	1.9	2.1
Streetcar or Trolley Car	292	2.7	240	2.3	532	2.5	0.6
Subway or Elevated	68	0.6	0	0.0	68	0.3	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	5	0.0	5	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	18	0.2	21	0.2	39	0.2	0.7
Walked	78	0.7	125	1.2	203	1.0	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	263	2.4	53	0.5	316	1.5	1.7
Worked at Home	1,876	17.1	2,258	21.4	4,134	19.4	15.5
Total:	10, 132	92.3	9,389	89.0	19,521	91.5	

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR **WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY** 

WOTHER EAST GEOGRA							
	M	ale	Fei	male	All W	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	2,256	48.9	1,721	42.1	3,977	45.7	76.6
Drove Alone	2,032	44.1	1,506	36.8	3,538	40.7	67.1
Carpooled:	224	4.9	215	5.3	439	5.0	9.5
In 2-person carpool	166	3.6	179	4.4	345	4.0	6.8
In 3-person carpool	43	0.9	10	0.2	53	0.6	1.6
In 4-or-more-person carpool	15	0.3	26	0.6	41	0.5	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	237	5.1	0	0.0	237	2.7	3.2
Bus or Trolley Bus	200	4.3	0	0.0	200	2.3	2.1
Streetcar or Trolley Car	37	0.8	0	0.0	37	0.4	0.6
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	11	0.2	31	0.8	42	0.5	0.7
Walked	91	2.0	67	1.6	158	1.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	138	3.0	15	0.4	153	1.8	1.7
Worked at Home	1,876	40.7	2,258	55.2	4,134	47.5	15.4
Total:	4,609	100.0	4,092	100.0	8,701	100.0	

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File
The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

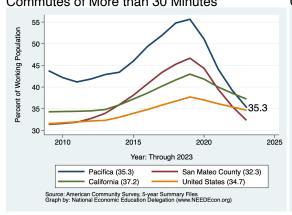
## Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX	OF	WORKERS B	Y TRAVEL	TIME	TO WORK

	M	lale	Fer	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	22	0.2	154	1.5	176	0.9	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	475	4.5	583	5.7	1,058	5.2	7.6
10 to 14 minutes	508	4.8	646	6.4	1,154	5.6	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,117	10.6	635	6.2	1,752	8.5	15.1
20 to 24 minutes	1,649	15.7	1,004	9.9	2,653	12.9	14.5
25 to 29 minutes	800	7.6	550	5.4	1,350	6.6	6.4
30 to 34 minutes	1,408	13.4	1,432	14.1	2,840	13.9	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	375	3.6	192	1.9	567	2.8	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	549	5.2	522	5.1	1,071	5.2	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	756	7.2	832	8.2	1,588	7.7	8.5
60 to 89 minutes	465	4.4	485	4.8	950	4.6	7.6
90 or more minutes	132	1.3	96	0.9	228	1.1	3.9
Total:	8,256	78.7	7,131	70.2	15,387	75.1	

Figure 85: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 86: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes



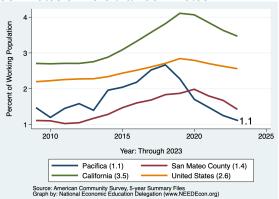
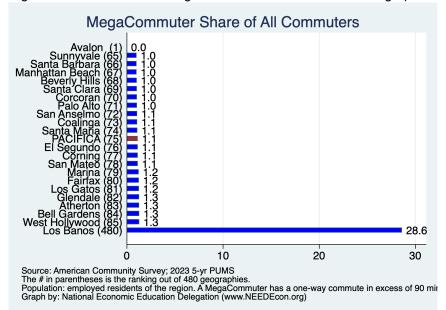


Figure 87: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



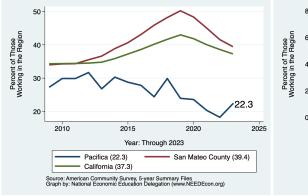
# Commute Times for Those Employed in the City Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR

WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WORKFLAC	JE GEOG	NAFIII					
	Ma	ıle	Fem	nale	All Wo	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	19	0.7	91	3.0	110	2.0	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	391	14.3	426	13.9	817	14.8	7.6
10 to 14 minutes	265	9.7	259	8.5	524	9.5	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	423	15.4	321	10.5	744	13.5	15.1
20 to 24 minutes	476	17.4	236	7.7	712	12.9	14.5
25 to 29 minutes	239	8.7	192	6.3	431	7.8	6.4
30 to 34 minutes	229	8.4	132	4.3	361	6.6	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	95	3.5	0	0.0	95	1.7	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	26	0.9	44	1.4	70	1.3	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	143	5.2	63	2.1	206	3.7	8.5
60 to 89 minutes	243	8.9	33	1.1	276	5.0	7.6
90 or more minutes	184	6.7	37	1.2	221	4.0	3.9
Total:	2,733	99.8	1,834	59.9	4,567	82.9	

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 88: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 89: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes Commutes of More than 90 Minutes



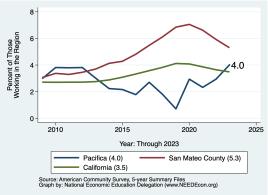
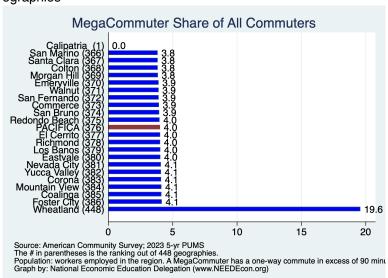


Figure 90: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

#### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Pacifica work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Pacifica's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Pacifica city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Ma	le	Fem	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Worked in state of residence:	10, 123	92.3	9,334	88.5	19,457	91.2	99.6	
Worked in county of residence	6,571	59.9	5,933	56.3	12,504	58.6	84.6	
worked outside of county of residence	3,552	32.4	3,401	32.2	6,953	32.6	15.0	
Worked outside state of residence	9	0.1	55	0.5	64	0.3	0.4	
Total:	10, 132	92.3	9,389	89.0	19,521	91.5		

Figure 91: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

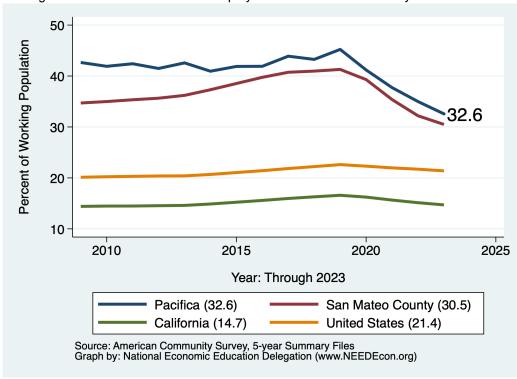
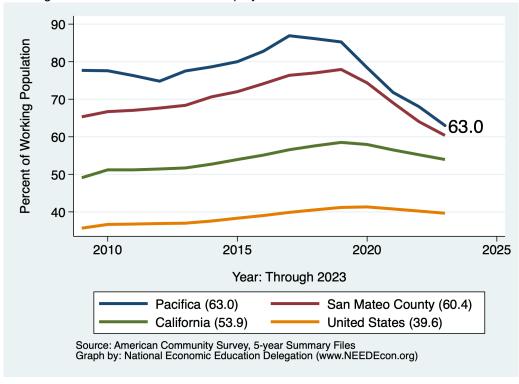


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Fem	nale	All Wo	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	10, 132	92.3	9, 389	89.0	19, 521	91.5	95.9
Worked in place of residence	2,825	25.7	3,248	30.8	6,073	28.5	40.8
Worked outside place of residence	7,307	66.6	6,141	58.2	13,448	63.0	55.1
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	10, 132	92.3	9,389	89.0	19, 521	91.5	

Figure 92: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



## Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City California			United Stat	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	72,629	50,877	90.8	48,079	90.1
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	69,896	37,998	117.0	36, 165	115.3
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	56,339	40,820	87.8	46,264	72.6
Walked	43,369	30,831	89.5	28,707	90.1
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	185,393	41,875	281.7	38,017	290.9
Worked from home	114,202	81,088	89.6	71,072	95.8
Total:	81, 132	51,620	157.2	48, 394	167.6

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected.

For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

2) For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	< \$25,000		\$25,000-\$74,999		00+	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,693	32.9	4,040	53.5	6,058	58.5	12,448	58.3	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	181	3.5	471	6.2	631	6.1	1,376	6.4	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	206	4.0	155	2.1	428	4.1	1,005	4.7	
Walked	45	0.9	128	1.7	0	0.0	203	1.0	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	23	0.4	98	1.3	234	2.3	355	1.7	
Worked at Home	449	8.7	431	5.7	3,008	29.0	4,134	19.4	
Total:	2,597	50.5	5, 323	70.5	10, 359		19, 521	91.5	

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25,000		\$25,000	\$25,000-\$74,999		000+	Α	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	927	34.8	1,064	49.7	1,110	25.3	3,538	40.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	83	3.1	201	9.4	102	2.3	439	5.0	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	102	3.8	0	0.0	102	2.3	237	2.7	
Walked	59	2.2	71	3.3	0	0.0	158	1.8	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	31	1.2	100	4.7	64	1.5	195	2.2	
Worked at Home	449	16.9	431	20.1	3,008	68.6	4,134	47.5	
Total:	1,651	62.0	1,867	87.1	4,386		8,701		

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In P	In Poverty		19% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	277	36.4	139	25.8	12,032	59.0	12,448	58.3		
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	36	4.7	9	1.7	1,331	6.5	1,376	6.4		
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	32	4.2	0	0.0	973	4.8	1,005	4.7		
Walked	19	2.5	18	3.3	166	0.8	203	1.0		
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	9	1.2	0	0.0	346	1.7	355	1.7		
Worked at Home	46	6.1	14	2.6	4,074	20.0	4,134	19.4		
Total:	419	55.1	180	33.4	18,922	92.7	19,521	91.5		

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In P	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Α	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	145	39.1	163	50.6	3,230	39.1	3,538	40.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	10	2.7	0	0.0	429	5.2	439	5.0	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	30	8.1	0	0.0	207	2.5	237	2.7	
Walked	26	7.0	0	0.0	132	1.6	158	1.8	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	195	2.4	195	2.2	
Worked at Home	46	12.4	14	4.3	4,074	49.3	4,134	47.5	
Total:	257	69.3	177	55.0	8,267		8,701		

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Migration

## **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

## Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Pacifica is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

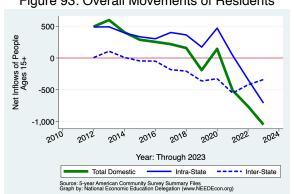


Figure 93: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Net Inflows				
			Same State			-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	3,779	117	58	-18	15	62
With income	28,202	-1,081	-464	-286	-354	23
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	1,848	-189	20	-88	-121	0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,754	-123	-51	-24	-48	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,857	-72	-84	28	-16	0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,991	-46	-54	100	-92	0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,979	-127	-102	-96	48	23
\$50,000 to \$64,999	3,295	-29	-40	-5	16	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	1,547	-139	-10	-81	-48	0
\$75,000 or more	12,931	-356	-143	-120	-93	0
All:	31,981	-964	-406	-304	-339	85

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 94: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

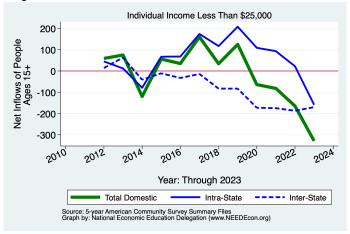


Figure 95: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

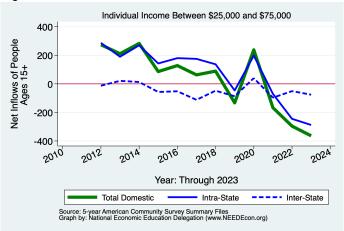
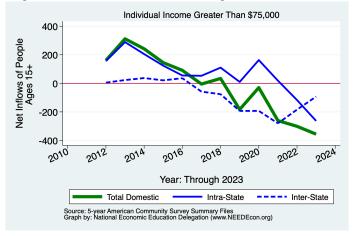


Figure 96: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



# **Demographics of Migration Flows**

**Table 18: Migration by Marital Status** 

	Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State		-	
0.1	Dec lege	All Advanced as	W/in	Between	Across	From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad	
Never married	10,325	-722	-272	-204	-304	58	
Now married, except separated	16,748	-123	-119	-19	-12	27	
Divorced	2,855	-113	-28	-71	-14	0	
Separated	430	-42	-17	-25	0	0	
Widowed	1,623	36	30	15	-9	0	
Total:	31,981	-964	-406	-304	-339	85	

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 19: Migration by Tenure** 

		Net Inflows				_
		Same State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	26, 732	278	58	147	10	63
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	10,247	-1,062	-514	-255	-315	22
Total:	36,979	-784	-456	-108	-305	85

Figure 97: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

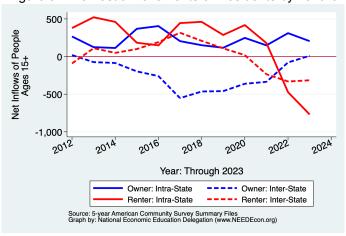


Table 20: Migration by Age

		Net Inflows				
		Same State			•	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	1,459	-28	-46	48	-30	0
5 to 17 years	5,081	99	-21	112	8	0
18 and 19 years	801	-34	-8	-48	14	8
20 to 24 years	1,468	-272	-41	-96	-171	36
25 to 29 years	2,122	-281	-142	-61	-78	0
30 to 34 years	2,456	-37	-104	21	32	14
35 to 39 years	2,618	144	24	120	0	0
40 to 44 years	2,710	-49	10	-13	-46	0
45 to 49 years	2,876	-74	-112	-20	41	17
50 to 54 years	2,683	-87	-22	-43	-22	0
55 to 59 years	2,690	-86	54	-55	-85	0
60 to 64 years	2,612	-68	-38	-19	-11	0
65 to 69 years	2,826	9	6	3	0	0
70 to 74 years	1,942	-59	-7	-62	0	10
75 years and over	2,851	-74	-29	-45	0	0
Total Population:	37, 195	-897	-476	-158	-348	85

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment** 

	Net Inflows					
	_		Same Sta			-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	1,265	-2	-33	17	-3	17
High school graduate (includes equiv)	4,553	-116	29	-96	-63	14
Some college or assoc. degree	8,800	-260	-174	-50	-46	10
Bachelor's degree	8,644	-131	-138	-35	42	0
Graduate or professional degree	5,124	-153	-44	-10	-99	0
Total:	28, 386	-662	-360	-174	-169	41

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows** 

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	67,907	67,907
Moved Within Same County	58,482	55,931
Moved to Different County, Same State	49,875	66,507
Moved Between States	80,469	0
Moved from Abroad	0	
Total Population:	67, 157	66,771

Source: 2023 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	46.5	46.5
Moved Within Same County	33.2	32.4
Moved to Different County, Same State	32.1	32.7
Moved Between States	30.4	27.0
Moved from Abroad	21.9	
Total Population:	44.7	44.7

## **References and Sources**

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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